Business Aviation
Pilot Training for the 21st Century

Safety & Risk Management

Earl F. Weener
Member, NTSB

NBAA Annual Meeting & Convention, Orlando, Florida
November 1, 2012
The NTSB is an independent US federal agency charged with determining the probable cause(s) of transportation accidents, making recommendations to prevent their recurrence, conducting special studies and investigations, and coordinating resources to assist victims and their families after an accident.
Most Wanted List

10 issue areas

Reviewed annually

Objective - bring focus on need for improvements
Why GA on the Most Wanted List?

- NTSB investigates approximately 1500 GA accidents per year
- Overall GA accident rate flat
  - Has not improved over the last ten years
  - Air carrier accident rate decreased almost 80%
- Personal flying accident rate
  - Increased 20% over last 10 years
  - Fatal rate increased 25% over that period

- **GA safety needs attention**
NTSB Most Wanted List

- General Aviation Safety
- Runway Safety
- Bus Occupant Safety
- Safety Management Systems
- Recorders
- Teen Driver Safety
- Human Fatigue
- Alcohol-Impaired Driving
- Motorcycle Safety
- Pilot and Air Traffic Controller Professionalism
General Aviation Safety
Climbing to the Next Level
June 19-20, 2012
Safety Forum Agenda

• Panel 1 – Safety Priorities
  – NASA, GA-JSC, FAA

• Panel 2 – Safety Programs
  – ABS, AVEMCO Insurance, AOPA, FAA (Wings Program)

• Panel 3 – Role of the Flight Instructor
  – SAFE, NAFI, FAA, UND, IAFTTP

• Panel 4 – Content, Quality & Consistency of Pilot Training
  – FAA, ASA, Red Bird Simulators, SAFE, ERAU
Safety Forum Agenda (cont’d)

• Panel 5 – Weather Related Decision-Making
  – FAA, Baron Services, ERAU, CAMI, Independent Aviation Safety Speaker, FAA

• Panel 6 – Aircraft Maintenance and Modification
  – FAA, EAA/VAA, Middle TSU, PAMA

• Panel 7 – New Aircraft Design and Certification
  – FAA, GAMA, Cirrus, AOPA, ICON Aircraft

• Panel 8 – Advanced Avionics and Handhelds
  – GAMA, AOPA, NASA, ERAU
All GA Accidents (Part 91)

Number of Accidents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calendar Year</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Fatal</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1,837</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>1,727</td>
<td>325</td>
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<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>1,715</td>
<td>345</td>
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<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>1,741</td>
<td>352</td>
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<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>1,617</td>
<td>314</td>
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<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>1,671</td>
<td>321</td>
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<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>1,523</td>
<td>308</td>
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<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>1,651</td>
<td>288</td>
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<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>1,569</td>
<td>275</td>
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<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>1,480</td>
<td>275</td>
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<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>1,439</td>
<td>268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>1,466</td>
<td>263</td>
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</table>
GA Accident Rates

Accidents per 100,000 Flight Hours

Calendar Year

Total
Fatal
Defining Fatal Accident Events, All GA, 2007 - 2011

• Loss of Control in Flight
• System/Component Failure – Powerplant
• Controlled Flight into Terrain
• Collision with Terrain/Object – Non-CFIT
• System/Component Failure – Non Powerplant
Fatal Accident Rates per 100k Flight Hours

Fatal Accident Rates per 100k Flight Hours
2000-2010

Fatal Accidents per 100k hours

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010

All GA
Corporate
Business
Instructional
Personal
Accident Rates, 2000 - 2011

- **Corporate**
  - Accident rates approaching that of the airlines.

- **Business**
  - Total and fatal accidents relatively flat; substantially below the overall GA accident rates.

- **Instructional**
  - Total accident rate is slightly below the average for all of GA, the fatal rate is substantially lower.

- **Personal**
  - Total and fatal accident rates have risen, both rates are substantially above the average of all GA flying.
Corporate + Business Flying, 2007-2011

All accidents – Top three
- Abnormal runway contact
- Loss of Control – inflight
- System/component failure - Powerplant

### Fatal Accidents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Loss of Control in Flight</td>
<td>19</td>
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<tr>
<td>Controlled Flight into Terrain</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collision with Terrain/Object</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System/Component Failure - Powerplant</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Management</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Instructional Flying, 2007-2011

All Accidents – Top Three
• Abnormal Runway Contact
• Loss of Control – In-Flight
• Loss of Control – On Ground

Fatal Accidents

- Loss of Control in Flight: 44
- Midair Collision: 7
- Collision with Terrain/Object - Non CFIT: 6
- System/Component Failure - Powerplant: 4
- Controlled Flight Into Terrain: 3
All Accidents – Top Three

- Loss of Control – In Flight
- System/Component Failure – Powerplant
- Loss of Control – On Ground

Fatal Accidents

- Loss of Control in Flight: 414
- Controlled Flight into Terrain: 106
- System/Component Failure - Powerplant: 103
- Collision with Terrain/Object - Non CFIT: 61
- System/Component Failure - Non Powerplant: 54
“Learn all you can from the mistakes of others. You won’t have time to make them all yourself”
• History of flight
  – Pilot & right seat pax – fatal
  – Two pax uninjured
  – 0755 MST, December 10, 2007
  – Salmon, Idaho
  – Part 91 Corporate/Executive flight
  – Beech King Air 200
  – IFR to Boise, then to Las Vegas
• History of flight
  – Aircraft kept in heated hangar
  – Approximately 0700 aircraft moved outside to ramp
  – Light to moderate snow falling
  – Aircraft not deiced prior to takeoff
  – Takeoff roll started between 0747 & 0750
• History of flight
  – Perception of longer than usual TO roll
  – Rotated at 100 kts
  – Lifted off, touched back down, lifted off again
  – Airplane rolled steeply left and right several times
  – (short narrative)
• Aircraft
  – No pre-impact mechanical malfunctions or failures
  – Engines appeared to operate normally

• Pilot
  – ASEL, AMEL, Instrument Rating
  – More than 14,200 hours total time
  – 300 hours in previous six months
  – King Air Initial Course 5 month prior
• Probable Cause

An in-flight loss of control due to the pilot’s failure to remove ice and snow from the airplane prior to takeoff. Contributing to the accident were the pilot’s improper preflight preparation/actions, falling snow, and a low ambient temperature.
What training would have been effective in preventing this accident?
History of flight

- Pilot – sole occupant – fatal
- Approx 1500, December 14, 2008
- Rocksprings, Texas
- Hondo, Texas to Goodyear, Arizona
- Part 91 Corporate/Executive flight
- King Air C90
- Instrument flight plan
• History of flight
  – 7 min after takeoff, cleared to 17,000 ft
  – Radar showed meandering flight path
  – Cleared to FL240 after 6 min at 17,000
  – Last communication with pilot when going through 18,000
  – When at FL240, no intelligible responses to ATC
• History of flight
  – Radar showed aircraft in rapid descent from FL210 to impact

• Pilot
  – SEL, MEL, Instrument Rating
  – Est 3,500 hrs, 1,300 Multi, 250 in A/C
  – King Air recurrent training 2 month prior
Aircraft
- 1993, Beechcraft C90, 3725 hrs total
- Blackhawk Modifications
  • PT6A-135A engines (550 HP)
- Prior 6 weeks in paint shop
- No open maintenance discrepancies

Meteorological
- VMC conditions
CEN09FA087 (5)

• Findings
  – No preimpact anomalies observed
  – None of the voice transmissions sounded as if Oxygen mask in use
  – Both bleed air switches in closed position
  – Pressurization switch in dump position
• Probable cause

The pilot’s failure to properly configure the pressurization controls, resulting in his impairment and subsequent incapacitation due to hypoxia.
What training might have been effective in preventing this accident?
• History of flight
  – Pilot, sole occupant, fatal
  – Approximately 0910, July 17, 2009
  – Impacted trees and mountainous terrain near Hayesville, North Carolina
  – Departed home airfield under VFR to reposition airplane for routine maintenance
  – No flight plan filed
• History of flight
  – Flight from Cleveland, GA to Andrews, NC
  – Radar tracked target for last 19 min.
  – Aircraft gradually descended from 5,600 ft. to 4,700 ft.
  – Wreckage located two days later near peak of Shinbone Ridge at 4,667 ft.
ERA09FA411 (3)

• Aircraft
  – Cessna R182
  – Airplane being returned for propeller governor overhaul
  – Airframe total time 4,807 hrs.
  – Accident pilot was owner of airplane
• Meteorology
  – Area forecast 2 hr. old – scattered 2,000, broken high cirrus at 18,000, isolated thunderstorm and rain showers with tops to 42,000 ft.
  – Active AIRMET for mountain obscuration due to low clouds, precipitation and mist
  – No record of FSS or DUAT briefing
ERA09FA411 (5)

• Pilot
  – ATP, CFI, numerous ratings
  – 20,000 hrs. total time

• Findings
  – Wreckage Altimeter indicated 4,700 ft.
  – Control separations consistent with overload separation
  – No apparent pre-impact deficiencies
  – Post crash fire
ERA09FA411 (6)

- Probable cause
  Flight into terrain for undetermined reasons.
What training might have been effective in preventing this accident?
You can try this at home

- NTSB accident files are on-line
- Many recent accident Dockets are on-line
  - Factual reports,
  - Interviews
  - Photographs
- www.ntsb.gov

“Human beings, who are almost unique in having ability to learn from the experience of others, are also remarkable for their apparent disinclination to do so.”
NTSB “Air Force”

- **Built/Restored or Building/Restoring**
  - Sheryl Chappell: Cessna 180 Floatplane
  - Paul Cox: Beech Bonanza G33, Vans RV-8a (Building)
  - Dennis Crider (EAA #1041658): Vans RV-12
  - Dennis Diaz (EAA #1047382): Vans RV-7a
  - Craig Hatch (EAA #659495): Vans RV-8a, Cessna 140
  - Tom Haueter (EAA #251921): 1943 Stearman, 1934 Lockheed Altair
  - Larry Lewis (EAA #751909): Varga Kachina 2150A, Vans RV-8
  - Ron Price: 1972 McCollough J2, Long EZ
  - Eliott Simpson: Vans RV-7, Pietenpol Aircamper
  - * At least one airplane listed was built/restored or is in the process of being built/restored.
NTSB “Air Force”

- **Own (Not Built/Restored)**
  - Member Earl Weener (EAA #727429): Beech Bonanza B36TC
  - Kurt Anderson: Navion, Aeronca 11AC, Cessna 170A
  - Tim Burtch (EAA #1078661): Cessna 172
  - John Brannen: Sonerai IIL
  - Evan Byrne: Cessna 172
  - Jill Demko: PA-22-108 Piper Colt
  - J. Michael Duncan: Beech Bonanza V35B
  - Kristi Dunks (EAA #689578): 1955 Piper Super Cub
  - Catherine Gagne (EAA #646357): 1956 Beech Bonanza G35
  - Craig Hatch: Cessna 170a
  - Mike Huhn: Cessna 182
  - Judge William Mullins: Vans RV-8a
  - Jose Obregon: Cessna 172
  - Jim Ritter: Piper Comanche
  - Chris Stephens (EAA #689593): Piper Comanche