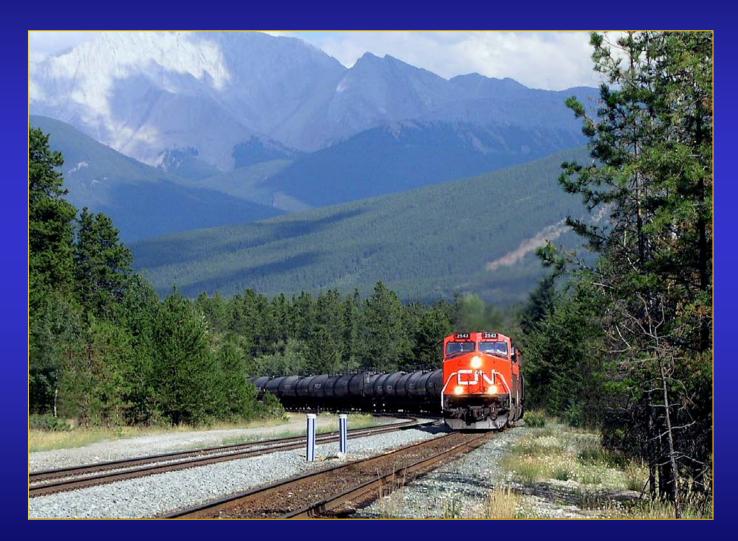
Emergency Preparedness

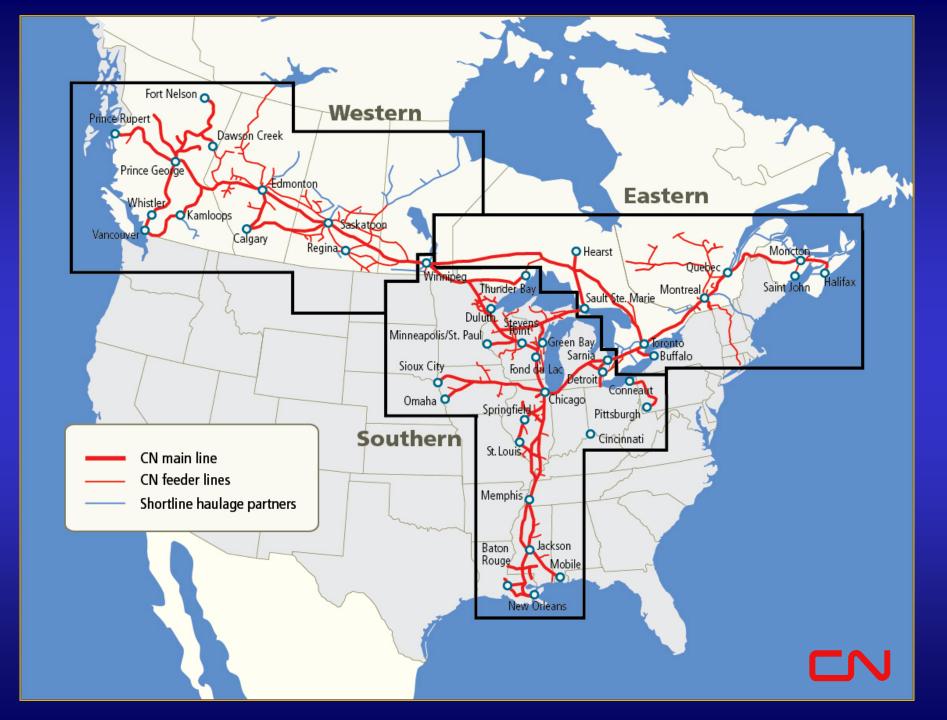




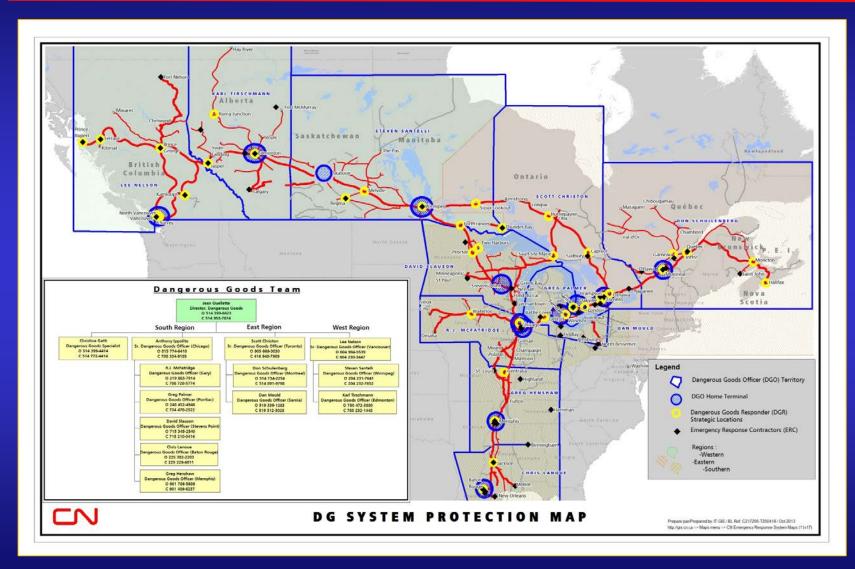
Topics For Discussion

- The railroad network
- System protection
- Stake holder engagement
- Response methodology
- Incident management
- Tactical considerations





System Protection Map





System Protection

- Response resources
 - Personnel
 - Equipment
 - Technology
- Training
 - Dangerous Goods Officer
 - Dangerous Goods Responder
 - Railroad employee



System Protection Model (DG)

Dangerous Goods
Officer (DGO)

Dangerous Goods Responder (DGR)

Emergency Response
Contractors

Industry Partners / ERAP Holders

HAZMAT Specialist

First Responder

HAZMAT Technician

Various areas of specialization



Stake Holder Engagement

- Industry programs
 - TransCAER
 - Responsible Care
 - Pueblo, CO (SERTC)
- CN programs
 - Structured community engagement
 - R.E.A.C.T.
 - CN 911



Community Outreach

Chlorine



- To purify our water
- To make PVC, into a diverse range of products

Butadiene and Styrene



- Tires
- Shoes

Propane



- Barbecues
- Heating

Propylene



- Eyeglasses
- Water cooler bottles

Sodium Hydroxide



- In paper production
- In soaps
- In paint



DG In Our Community

Percentage of rail cars loaded with dangerous goods versus the total of rail traffic transported by CN in the municipality of ????? = 4%

4 cars on a typical 100 car train could be a dangerous good

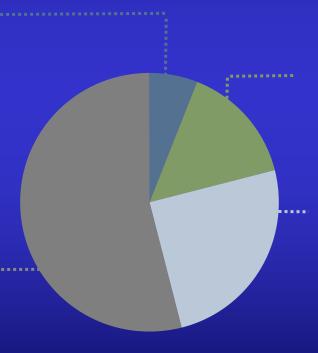
Types of dangerous commodities

Poisonous Materials: 6%

- Chlorine used to purify water supply and in household products such as bleach and disinfectant
- Anhydrous Ammonia used for fertilizer, refrigerants and in household cleaning products

Flammable Materials: 54%

- Propane used for home heating and BBQ bottles
- Gasoline and Diesel Fuel as well as Crude Oil for refineries



Other Dangerous Goods: 15%

- Asphalt used for roads and construction
- Ammonium nitrate used in agriculture as a fertilizer

Corrosives: 25%

- Sodium Hydroxide used in soap manufacturing, pharmaceutical, mining and soft drink industries
- Batteries for vehicles
- Acetic acid used for vinegar, food preservative as well as industrial applications

Responder Training Programs



- TransCAER / CN 911 car
- CN R.E.R. Course
- CN RR Specialist Courses
- Project R.E.A.C.T
- Pueblo Outreach Week

Notification Visor Card

PRECAUTIONS TO TAKE AT THE SITE OF A DERAILMENT CN EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROCESS

Discovery

Initial

Response

Sustained

Actions

DO NOT APPROACH THE TRAIN UNLESS YOU ARE SURE IT IS SAFE TO DO SO.

Tank cars, loaded or residue, present the most obvious threat during an incident. However, dangerous goods are also transported in other rail cars, trailers, and containers.

If you are first at the scene, make every effort to keep the public and any potential source of ignition away from the cars involved in the incident.

Determine the contents involved by checking the documentation held by the train conductor, member of the train crew or the on-scene-coordinator.

For shipments of dangerous goods, this documentation will include, at a minimum, a shipping document describing the commodity being transported and will include emergency telephone numbers. A copy of the Emergency Response Guidebook will also be available.

Documentation will normally be available from the train conductor at the scene. Should the train conductor and crew be disabled, documentation can be found on the lead locomotive.

Should the train's crew be unable to provide assistance, a copy of the train consist and Dangerous Goods shipping documents can be generated by calling the 24 hour emergency telephone number.

CN 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

800-465-9239

Termination/ Demobilize Demobilize Incident Follow-up Resources Organization Termination Investigation

Emergency

Recognition

Incident

Command

Transfer of

Command

Notification

Objectives &

Priorities

Shift

Rotations

Preliminary.

Assessment

Logistical

Support

Tactical Plant

Mobilize Resources

Source

Control

Accident



Response

Critique

(CN - 2005)



Incident Methodology

- Activate ERP and Logbook
- Establish a perimeter
- Establish Incident Command System
- Begin site assessment
- Establish control zones
- Apply tactics
- Terminate the incident



CN Emergency Response

- Network Operations
 - Mechanical Dept.
 - Engineering Dept.
 - Transportation Dept.



E.R. Support Team

- Safety & Regulatory Affairs
- Police
- Dangerous Goods Group
- Environmental Group
- Risk Mitigation Group
- Public Affairs Group

External Support

- Industry Response Teams
- ER Contractors
- Municipal Response Teams



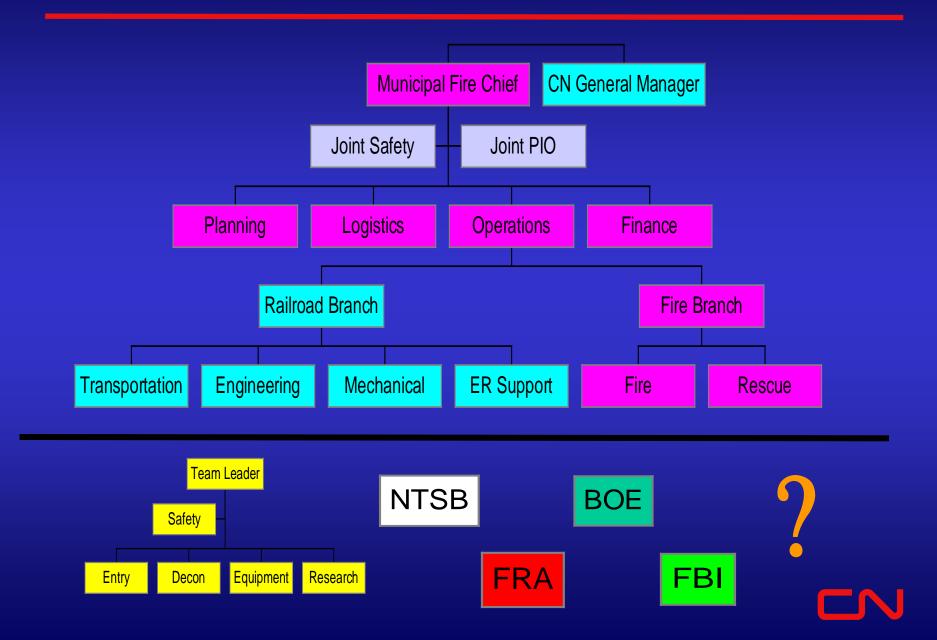
Emergency Response Resources



- Municipal
- State/Provincial
- Federal
- Railroad
- Shipper
- Contractor
- ERAP?



Unified Command



Tactical Considerations

- Physical characteristics
 - material
 - container
- Responder capability





- Time
- Weather
- Location
- Resources



Emergency Preparedness



