THESE RECORDS MAY BE RELEASABLE UNDER THE FOIA REQUEST 15 DAYS AFTER SIGNATURE DATE UNLESS WE HEAR OTHERWISE FROM FAA NTSB COUNSEL

U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Aviation Administration

Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center
P.O. Box 25082
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125

Friday, July 18, 2008

National Transportation Safety Board
1515 W. 190th St., Suite 555
Gardena, CA 90248

ACCIDENT # 0138 **INDIVIDUAL#:** 003 **NAME:** TAYLOR, JAMES **MODE:** AVIATION

DATE OF ACCIDENT 06/29/2008 **DATE RECEIVED** 07/16/2008 **PUTREFACTION:** No

N # 407MJ **NTSB #** DEN08MA116B **CAMI REF #** 200800138003

LOCATION OF ACCIDENT FLAGSTAFF, AZ

SPECIMENS Bile, Blood, Brain, Gastric, Heart, Kidney, Liver, Lung, Muscle, Spleen, Urine, Vitreous

FINAL FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY FATAL ACCIDENT REPORT

CARBON MONOXIDE: The carboxyhemoglobin (COHb) saturation is determined by spectrophotometry with a 10% cut off and confirmed by chromatography.

>> NOT PERFORMED

CYANIDE: The presence of cyanide is screened by Conway Diffusion. Positive cyanides are quantitated by spectrophotometry and confirmed by chromatography. The limit of quantitation of cyanide is 0.25 ug/mL. Normal blood cyanide concentrations are less than 0.15 ug/mL, while lethal concentrations are greater than 3 ug/mL.

>> NOT PERFORMED

VOLATILES: The volatile concentrations are determined by headspace gas chromatography at a cut off of 10 mg/dL. Where possible, positive ethanol values are confirmed by Radiative Energy Attenuation.

>> NOT PERFORMED

DRUGS: Immunoassay and chromatography are used to screen for legal and illegal drugs which include: amphetamine (0.010), opiates (0.010), marihuana (0.001), cocaine (0.020), phencyclidine (0.002), benzodiazepines (0.030), barbiturates (0.060), antidepressants (0.100), antihistamines (0.020), meprobamate (0.100), methaqualone (0.100), and nicotine (0.050). The values in () are the threshold values in ug/mL used to report positive results. Values below this concentration are normally reported as not detected. GC/Mass Spec, HPLC/Mass Spec, or GC/FTIR, is used to confirm most positive results.

>> NOT PERFORMED

Date: 2008.07.24 09:54:49 -05'00'

Russell Lewis, Ph.D.
TC, FAA, Forensic Toxicology
Research Team CAMI